

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

VOL. 26.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 17, 1886.

NO. 40.

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS—The following are the township officers of this county, elected November 2d.

BUFFALO SPRINGS.

Justice of the Peace.....J. A. Bonham
Constable.....Samuel Hubbard
School Trustee (long term).....T. A. Sanders
School Trustee (short term).....J. W. Whitehead

PYRAMID.

Justice of the Peace.....Jos. Parsons
Constable.....Reuben Pickrell
Road Supervisor.....Isaac Matthews
School Trustee (long term).....John Gail
School Trustee (short term).....A. J. Perdroll

FRANKTOWN.

Justice of the Peace.....J. C. M. Cobb
Constable.....John Cornaco
Road Supervisor.....H. B. Miller
School Trustee (long term).....E. Owens
School Trustee (short term).....A. J. Perdroll

GLENDALE.

Justice of the Peace.....J. W. Denning
Constable.....John Kleppe
Road Supervisor.....Wm. Frost
School Trustee (long term).....H. Whistler
School Trustee (short term).....H. Stephens

NORTH GLENDALE.

Road Supervisor.....S. J. Hill
School Trustee (long term).....O. C. Ross
School Trustee (short term).....W. H. Blanchard

WASHOE.

Justice of the Peace.....E. W. Harris
Constable.....J. Porter
Road Supervisor.....W. C. Gregory
School Trustee (long term).....G. S. Smith
School Trustee (short term).....I. H. Ball

PEAVINE.

Justice of the Peace.....N. A. Merrill
Constable.....D. L. Hunt
School Trustee (long term).....W. E. Lemmon
School Trustee (short term).....D. Hogan

WADSWORTH.

Justice of the Peace.....Geo. Angus
Constable.....C. E. Carter
Road Supervisor.....Wm. Pearson
School Trustee (long term).....J. B. Chambers
School Trustee (short term).....J. M. Helsley

VERDI.

Justice of the Peace.....J. H. Borman
Constable.....Fred Brown
Road Supervisor.....Wm. Jackson
School Trustee (long term).....S. A. Hamlin
School Trustee (short term).....C. Gilling

BROWNS.

Road Supervisor.....L. W. Wimberly

RENO.

Justice of the Peace.....W. H. Young
Constable.....S. W. Upson
Road Supervisor.....John Douglas
School Trustee (long term).....S. M. Jamison
School Trustee (short term).....G. H. Taylor

TIME TABLE.**V. & T. R. R.****TRAIN TIME TABLE.****TAKING EFFECT****WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, '85.****Trains From Virginia to Carson and Reno.**

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger.	Local Passenger.
Virginia.....	Departs— 5:25 P. M. Arrives— 5:30 P. M.		Departs— 7:25 A. M. Arrives— 7:30 A. M.
Gold Hill.....			
Mound House.....	Arrives— 6:05 P. M. Departs— 6:10 P. M.		Arrives— 8:00 A. M. Departs— 8:10 A. M.
Carson.....	Arrives— 6:45 P. M. Departs— 6:50 P. M.		Arrives— 8:50 A. M. Departs— 9:00 A. M.
Reno.....	Arrives— 8:10 P. M.		Arrives— 11:30 P. M.

Trains From Reno to Carson and Virginia.

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger.	Local Passenger.
Reno.....	7:10 A. M. Arrives— 8:25 A. M. Departs— 8:35 A. M.		1:45 P. M. Arrives— 4:00 P. M. Departs— 5:15 P. M.
Carson.....	Arrives— 9:05 A. M. Departs— 9:15 A. M.		Arrives— 5:55 P. M. Departs— 6:05 P. M.
Mound House.....	Arrives— 9:45 A. M. Departs— 9:55 A. M.		Arrives— 6:45 P. M. Departs— 6:55 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	Arrives— 10:00 A. M.		Arrives— 7:00 P. M.
Virginia.....			

H. M. YERINGTON,
General Superintendent.

D. A. BENDER,
General Freight and Passenger Agent.

WASHOE COUNTY VOTE, NOVEMBER 2d, 1886.

CANDIDATES.	RENO.				WADSWORTH.	BROWN'S	WASHOE. ..	IRON TOWN	GLENDALE..	VERDI	PEAVINE	PYRAMID	DOUG PLAT..	SALT LAKE.	TOLSON.	MAJORITY..
	1st Ward	2d Ward	3d Ward	Total.												
Governor—																
G. C. Stevenson.....	98	178	160	436	78	55	33	24	63	37	3	17	5	10	761	160
Jewett W. Adams.....	49	176	155	380	41	42	17	16	42	36	12	3	0	10	601	
Lieutenant Governor—																
H. C. Davis.....	96	208	180	484	84	59	27	24	65	39	3	17	5	12	819	277
T. J. Bell.....	51	145	135	331	35	38	23	17	40	34	12	3	0	9	542	
Congressmen—																
Wm. Woodburn.....	95	189	168	452	69	56	27	22	66	38	2	18	5	12	769	179
J. H. MacMillan.....	51	165	147	363	43	39	23	20	39	35	12	2	0	9	590	
Justice of Supreme Court—																
T. D. Edwards.....	94	180	157	431	52	58	27	22	64	31	1	17	5	10	718	76
C. H. Belknap.....	53	175	158	386	63	39	23	20	41	42	14	3	0	11	642	
District Judges—																
Richard Rising.....	98	203	189	490	71	58	27	24	68	37	9	17	5	12	817	*207
DeWitt C. McKenney.....	94	188	159	441	60	58	27	24	63	37	2	17	5	12	746	*136
R. R. Bigelow.....	95	183	169	447	85	57	27	24	59	37	3	17	5	12	773	*163
A. L. Fitzgerald.....	53	166	149	368	64	39	23	18	47	36	13	3	0	9	610	
H. T. Cresswell.....	51	163	145	359	56	39	23	18	40	36	10	3	0	9	593	
Henry Rives.....	52	159	134	345	23	40	23	18	38	36	8	3	0	9	546	
State Treasurer—																
George Tuftly.....	78	182	138	398	65	51	27	27	52	34	1	17	4	12	688	16
Jerry Schooling.....	69	171	176	416	54	45	23	15	53	39	14	3	1	9	672	
Attorney General—																
John F. Alexander.....	90	186	183	459	71	57	27	22	67	58	3	17	5	12	798	244
J. F. Boller.....	51	166	128	318	47	39	23	20	38	15	12	3	0	9	554	
Clerk of Supreme Court—																
Charles F. Bicknell.....	95	199	171	465	71	58	27	24	65	37	3	17	5	12	784	215
J. McKernan.....	52	156	144	352	47	39	23	18	40	36	12	3	0	9	569	
Secretary of State—																
J. M. Dornier.....	96	190	164	450	71	55	23	24	62	37	3	17	5	12	761	160
J. T. Brady.....	51	165	150	366	47	42	25	18	43	36	12	3	0	9	601	
Surveyor General—																
John E. Jones.....	93	192	165	450	70	58	27	20	65	37	3	17	4	12	763	162
S. H. Day.....	54	163	150	367	49	39	23	22	40	36	12	3	1	9	601	
State Controller—																
J. F. Hallock.....	73	136	123	337	71	54	21	24	59	32	4	17	5	12	636	
R. Sadler.....	68	219	190	477	48	42	29	18	46	41	11	3	0	9	724	88
Supl. of Public Instruction—																
W. C. Dovey.....	95	198	171	464	72	57	25	24	66	37	3	17	5	12	782	203
A. E. Kaye.....	52	156	143	351	46	40	25	18	39	36	12	3	0	9	579	
Supl. of State Printing—																
J. C. Harlow.....	95	200	173	468	71	58	27	24	64	37	3	17	5	12	786	210
Henry Duffy.....	52	155	142	349	47	39	23	18	40	36	12	3	0	9	576	
State Senator—																
Wm. Thompson.....	68	143	109	313	70	35	24	17	47	37	1	13	4	7	568	
R. S. Osburn.....	75	208	208	491	47	60	24	23	67	35	14	7	1	14	773	205
Assemblymen—																
T. G. Herman.....	76	141	128	345	77	53	27	21	52	37	1	13	5	11	642	
D. S. Gallatin.....	75	115	131	337	69	62	24	21	54	37	0	13	5	11	653	
H. M. Frost.....	79	147	127	353	72	52	27	21	61	35	12	13	5	11	652	
A. D. Griffin.....	70	206	189	465	49	45	23	21	47	36	5	7	0	10	718	165
George Alt.....	68	201	180	449	44	37	24	21	55	34	13	7	0	10	694	141
Clem Lemery.....	67	207	175	449	45	41	23	21	44	37	13	7	0	10	690	137
Sheriff—																
Richard Nash.....	81	135	126	342	42	48	23	22	37	35	2	8	5	4	564	
L. J. Flint.....	66	218	188	472	76	49	27	20	67	38	13	12	0	17	791	227
Clerk—																
T. V. Julien.....	100	200	204	513	69	63	24	24	69	38	6	18	5	12	841	325
O. H. Perry.....	36	153	111	300	48	33	26	18	36	35	9	2	0	9	516	
Treasurer—																
D. B. Boyd.....	110	211	213	534	86	79	27	18	68	39	7	20	5	11	894	430
T. A. Road.....	37	142	100	279	32	18	23	24	36	34	8	0	0	10	464	
Recorder—																
C. O. Porter.....	74	169	136	379	50	18	29	19	43	29	2	8	4	5	586	
J. B. Williams.....	73	186	179	438	69	79	21	23	62	44	13	12	1	16	778	193
Assessor—																
W. H. McInnis.....	68	140	142	350	57	45	27	22	44	37	2	8	4	8	604	
C. H. Stoddard.....	78	213	172	463	62	52	22	20	61	36	13	12	1	12	754	150
District Attorney—																
Pierce Evans.....	63	172	138	378	58	38	20	19	50	31	5	15	2	4	618	132
C. A. Jones.....	40	147	126	322	56	51	23	20	48	36	10	4	3	13	586	
W. L. Knox.....	33	34	49	116	2	7	7	3	7	3	0	1	0	3	149	
Surveyor—																
E. L. Bridges.....	82	154	142	378	67	52	27	24	66	38	3	17	4	7	683	5
T. K. Stewart.....	63	196	172	431	52	45	23	18	39	35	12	3	1	13	678	
Superintendent of Schools—																
Wm. Lucas.....	89	171	162	422	59	58	22	22	56	34	4	17	5	11	710	59
J. T. Longabaugh.....	58	182	153	393	60	39	28	20	48	39	11	3	0	10	631	
Public Administrator—																
S. H. Carpenter.....	72	136	113	321	69	54	25	24	60	29	3	9	5	12	611	
H. P. Brown.....	74	219	199	492	49	43	25	18	45	44	12	11	0	9	748	137
Long Term Commissioner—																
J. H. Snodgrass.....	73	125	125	323	56	20	27	12	59	42	2	12	4	12	569	
W. P. McLaughlin.....	73	229	185	487	59	77	23	30	46	31	13	7	1	9	783	214
Short Term Commissioner—																
Wm. Merrill.....	90	180	150	420	58	49	26	13	65	63	4	9	5	12	728	94
A. O. Dickenson.....	57	171	165	393	61	48	24	29	38	10	11	11	0	9	634	

THE NEXT WITNESS.

The various papers of the State have discussed, to a greater or less extent the hardship of the jury law, as it now stands. The opposition to this false economical measure was such, that a number of County Conventions in their platforms condemned the law and demanded its repeal, as did the State Convention in its platform. The attention of the would be law makers has been called to another and equally as great hardship, that of requiring witnesses in criminal cases to appear and testify at their own expense, except when brought from another county, or in cases where it is made to appear that the witness is poor, and in these two exceptions, only the expenses can be allowed, and these by the county. The State does not permit a man's property to be taken from him for any cause without the owner being compensated for it. Yet, she does force all classes who may be so unfortunate as to possess some knowledge that may lead to the bringing of an offender to justice, to serve the State, to give both time and money without a moment's consideration. It may be said that the protection the State gives to each of its citizens, is in lieu of such hardship. This argument can as well be applied to the juryman, as to the witness, to the man through whose farm a highway is forced. If the Jury Law is so changed as it should be, to allow mileage and a per diem, then the law pertaining to witnesses in criminal cases, should also be changed to allow mileage and a per diem. There are but few States in the Union that require of the citizen the hardship Nevada does in this respect. There is no more reason why a witness should not be paid when he serves the State, than there is for not paying for any other supply the State may need. The law should be amended so that the burden of protecting the good order, property and interests of the State may fall on all alike through taxation.

THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE.

The San Francisco Bulletin says: A majority of the people of Nebraska at the recent election, expressed their preference for Charles H. Van Wyck for Senator. Whether the Legislature will consider this expression of opinion binding on them, remains to be seen. It will be curious if members should not. Simultaneously, the State Grange of Pennsylvania has passed a resolution recommending the election of Senators by the people. This, of course, is impracticable without a constitutional amendment, which would have to obtain the assent of the very body it is proposed to reform, and it is likely that the Senate, like the House of Lords in England, would refuse its assent to a change in the condition of its existence. The only practicable method of subjecting Senatorial elections to popular control, under the law as it now stands, is by the expression of a preference at the polls which the Legislature may disregard if it chooses.

Still, the silent pressure of public opinion is difficult to resist. If the American people conclude that politics would be purified and the cause of sound government be assisted by taking the choice of Senators out of the hands of Legislatures, no politician with any regard for his political future would undertake to gainsay them. That the drift of public opinion is in this direction, is clearly indicated by passing events. The plan of investigating Legislatures with the prerogative of choosing Senators was devised at a time when even the most advanced thinkers were not quite sure that it was safe to trust the people to choose all their law-makers, and a very large body of statesmen, including Washington, the Adamses and Hamilton, were quite sure that it was not. It was in deference to these relics of anti-popular prejudice that the framers of the Constitution consented to strip the people of the right of choosing Senators directly. The hundred years which have elapsed since then have brought about such an advance in political science that no man of any reputation would now risk it by denying the safety of popular government in the widest sense. We read of restrictions on the suffrage in Europe, and of the establishment of largely and aristocratic prerogatives, with a derisive smile. If citizens are fit to choose their President and their Congressmen, they are fit to choose their Senators.

A transfer of this power from the Legislature to the people would be equally beneficial to the State Legislatures and to the United States Senate. From the former it would eliminate the most fruitful source of modern corruption, the latter it would convert from a mere millionaire's club to an assembly of the flower of the American people.

In every State, the people know who is their best man, and it would almost invariably happen, when they were called upon to express their preference that their choice would fall upon him who was most worthy of it.

BLAINE AND CLEVELAND

Will the Old Presidential Contest Be Repeated.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Congressman Darwin R. James, of New York, says: "The Presidential fight in 1888 will probably be again between Cleveland and Blaine. If the one is nominated, the other is sure to be, but if one misses the other will probably be left out too, but both may fall by the wayside. I think in either case it would be difficult to find a suitable tail for the ticket. With Cleveland and Blaine for President, I do not see the man that either party could put on the ticket for the Vice Presidency."

"But after all, will it not be at the last moment simply a question of who can carry New York?"

"No, I think not. Tennessee and Virginia could have been earned for the Republicans with a little better organization and as the recent elections show that the solid South is disintegrated, these and other Southern States may be carried by the Republicans in 1888. Any how I think there is a very strong chance for the South in 1888."

The S. F. Call points out some of the difficulties for Cleveland in 1888.

Politicians in both parties are nearly certain that it will be Blaine and Cleveland in 1888. It certainly looks somewhat Blainian, both on a local and in the East, but there are difficulties in Cleveland's way. The Democratic party was to contribute the labor element in the party of economic independence movement in several States, which may divide the party nearly in the middle in New York. The policy of Mr. Cleveland has pleased the Republicans much better than it has the Democratic position of the Democratic party. The next platform will be dictated by the element that General Butler led in 1884, or that element will bolt. The party will have to come out squarely in favor of silver and in favor of protection to American labor. It will have to declare against free immigration, both of Chinese coolies and paupers from the other side. Mr. Cleveland, it is thought, cannot stand squarely on such a platform as the Democrats will find essential to success in 1888.

Blaine Badges.

John Fick, of New York, organizer of the Jewelers' Blaine and Logan Club in the last campaign, is manufacturing large quantities of white satin badges inscribed simply "James G. Blaine, 1888." He says orders come in for them from all over the West—Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Wisconsin, Oregon and California.

The Paradise Valley Mining Company reports a loss from the discount on silver for the past fiscal year of \$92,221. Were silver coined on the same basis as gold, this sum would go to the benefit of the producers. It now goes to the benefit of the Government if sold for coinage and to the benefit of foreigners if sold to go abroad.

Ex-President Arthur's health is slowly on the mend. He is not strong enough to go out, but he goes about the house apparently with less fatigue than heretofore.

The JOURNAL has no objection to Stewart as King of Bulgaria, and will intercede with the Czar in his behalf.

HOW DICKENS'S "CONSTRUCTED A NOVEL."

The most interesting work in the wonderful library of George W. Childs is the original manuscript of "Our Mutual Friend." It is bound in two large quarto volumes. It is the only complete manuscript of any of Charles Dickens's outside of the South Kensington Museum. One or two of his short Christmas stories are, however, to be found in this country. The "Mutual Friend" manuscript is dated at Gad'sby, Thurs. day, January 11th, 1866, and is signed at the head of the sheet "Charles Dickens." Then comes the skeleton of the story. By this skeleton it is possible to ascertain how Dickens went about writing his novels. In the first place he conceived the plan of his story. Then he thought it out carefully, and fixed the plot carefully in his mind together with the salient traits of each character. This completed he made his skeleton, from which to work in the details, and then came the detailed work of the book. The first sixteen pages of the manuscript is taken up with this skeleton. It begins:

OUR MUTUAL FRIEND, No. 1

CHAPTER I

On the Lookout

The man in his boat, watching the tides. The Gaffer—Gaffer—Gaffer Hazen—Hexan. His daughter, rowing. Jen, or Lizzie. Taking the body in tow. His dissipated partner, who has robbed a man. Riddanhood—this fellow's name.

CHAPTER II

The Man From Somewhere

The entirely new people. Everything new—grandfather new—if they had one. Dinner party—Twombly, Podsnap, Lady Pippins, Alfred Lighthouse, also Eugene—Mr. Jones, Mr. Jones and Mr. Jones, the Duke of Devonshire. Then come sentences like these: "Work in the girl who was to have been married and made rich." "Give tone to Gaffer, and 'Sav something' as about the hero." These notations are written diagonally, vertically or horizontally as the case may be. The story also an outline heading as follows:

OUR BOOKS

1. The Cup and the Lip
2. Birds of a Feather
3. A Little Life
4. A Family

The paper used is a light-blue, and heavy, the ink is dark blue. Mr. Dickens wrote a peculiar hand, the lines very close together, the letters very small and the frequent marks of erasure and change betray the utmost care in the preparation of the work. At times a whole line has been scored out to be replaced by another choice of words, a different mode of expression or to be dropped out altogether. Occasionally evidence of the author's care absorption in his work may be seen in the departure of the lines from exactness and their tendency towards the corner of the sheet. It is not difficult to form a mental picture of the self-forgetfulness of the great writer and of his utter abandonment to his work, as he sits at his library table at Gad's Hill hour after hour, weaving the threads of his wonderful stories.

In the second volume the same method is observed, the skeleton filling eighteen similar pages, in which there is an extra note to suggest something regarding Mr. Boffin. The story is marked as completed September 2, 1866, and has a post-script in lieu of a preface, filling one and one-third pages, under which is given this date. The manuscript is just as it came from Mr. Dickens' hand, even the name of the compositor in the printing office remaining at the head of each "take." In the first volume is inserted a personal letter from Mr. Dickens to Mr. Childs. The letter is not, however, in reference to the manuscript, but relates to entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Childs at Gad's Hill, in return for the hospitality shown the great author when he was on a visit to this country. The letter is in a most jovial vein, and mentions his daughter and his sister-in-law, but says nothing about his wife, for the reason that at that time there was no wife at Gad's Hill.

Cleveland in Luck

Chicago Mail

After all Mr. Cleveland has no reason to complain. He has come out with his Congress a little better than any of his predecessors who ushered in a change in the politics of the Government. The rule has been, as Mr. Blaine shows that the next Congress after such a change has always been against the Administration.

We do not subscribe to the theory that Mackay will be a candidate for United States Senator, as claimed and believed by many people. We have known for a long time on the best authority that he is for Stewart, and we take it that he has been pledged to his support for many months. In fact Mackay was one of the parties who induced Stewart to come over from California and enter the race.—Sentinel.

NEW TO-DAY.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight adulterated or phosphate powder. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE!

THE RESIDENCE —OR— ISAAC BARNETT

Is Offered for Sale

The House Contains Ten Rooms

AND BATH ROOM PANTRY,

And Closets, Hot and Cold Water, etc. etc. etc. Situated on K. L. Ave.,

With Hot and Cold Water, Stable and Out houses, etc. etc. at the store on residence. nov17

D. POT (1311),

AT THE DEPOT, - - Reno, Nev.

PARRY & FITZGERALD Props

This House is situated beside the Railroad track and is but a few minutes' walk from the cars on the C. P. R. It is on the side, at those of the V & P. R. I. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRIBUTES OF A FIRST CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED

NASBY

—ENT—

LEADING STATIONER

21 Virginia St. Reno, Nevada

WILLIAM PINNIGER,

DRUGGIST

—VIRGINIA STREET—

Reno, - - - - - Nevada

NATHAN'S!

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO.

NEW GOODS

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

For the Fall and Winter of 1886-'87,

In Every Department—Men's, Youths', Boys', and Children's.

A Magnificent Assortment of New Styles in Suits, Lightweight Overcoats and Pantaloon,

At the Lowest Prices Possible!

Consistent with New Goods and First-class Work.

FIFTY-CENT COLUMN.

All classes of legitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines inserted in this column for 50 Cents per week

Cows for Sale

A number of fresh milk cows for sale. Inquire of J. P. FARMITT

Small House Wanted

A reliable person desires to rent a small dwelling house, a furnished one preferred. Leave word at this office. nov10-1w

Stray Notice

Came to my ranch September 1st a roan horse no brands. Owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. A. C. HICKMAN

Reno Oct 20, 1886-1m

Night Watchman

George W. Marshon, the regular and fully empowered Night Watchman of Reno is prepared to wait in business houses and private residences, etc. and make parties in the morning. Best of patronage may be seen from the JOURNAL of Dec. 2d, 1882. dec3ff

House for Sale.

A house and lot on Second street is offered for sale cheap for cash. House has five rooms; lot 70x100 good location and comfortable home. Inquire at Journal office

Sure Cure for Cancers

I have discovered a sure cure for Cancers, Oils and Lesters, in the form of a plaster which I guarantee will cure the worst kind. No extra pain with its use. No cure no pay. MRS. SALVADORE LAGARIMASINO, S21 Optif. Near Steamboat Springs, Nev.

T. K. MYNERS,

(Successor to Myners & Comstock), proprietor of the

TRUCK DELIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE

Cor. Sierra and Second Sts., Reno, Nev.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

—TO LET—

And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month. Terms to suit the times

We have also attached a large Hay Yard with good Stables. Also Corals for loose stock well watered. TARDY TO LET

THE LAKE HOUSE.

NEW MANAGEMENT.

THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL HAS BEEN thoroughly renovated and newly furnished

Special Facilities Afforded to Families.

THE TABLE IS FIRST CLASS

First Class Liquors and Cigars at the bar. Particular Attention and Reasonable Rates. J. E. DEALY, Proprietor.

RENO AND FT. EDWELL STAGE

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THIS IS THE ROUTE FOR PYRAMID, 100 mi. to Reno, 100 mi. to Salt Wells, Buffalo Meadows, Duck Flat, Lakeview, Cedarville and Lake City.

Connects at Cedarville with stages for Alturas and at Alturas with stages for Lakeview, Oregon and at Lakeview with stages for Chawaucon, Silver Lake, Summit Lake, Abbott's Lake, Princeton and the Dalles, also with stages for Owens Valley, Lakeview, Sprague River and Ashland.

Particular attention paid to express packages on the regular line and to Alturas. Stages leave Reno daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m. Schedule time each way 36 hours and 15 min. J. K. FRYMERS, Agent Reno

UNION SALOON.

NORTHWEST CORNER OF VIRGINIA and Second Streets

C. C. CHASE, Proprietor.

The best quality of Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Fine Billiard and Pool Tables attached for the accommodation of guests

Agent for Jesse Moore's brands of Whisky

Call and See Me

BREVITIES.

The Alta assessment was delinquent yesterday.

Chollar has levied an assessment of 50 cents per share.

This would be a good time to put the Hopkins on the Board.

Surveyor General Preble came down from Carson last night.

Lieutenant Governor Laughton was a passenger for the Bay last night.

Isaac Barnett's residence is offered for sale. The house contains ten rooms.

There are several in Reno who would like to buy houses on the installment plan.

R. S. Clapp, of Lincoln county, is mentioned as a probable candidate for Speaker.

The Catholic Fair folks will give a grand ball at Armory Hall Thanksgiving night. Tickets \$1.

Supreme Judge Hawley is expected home during the present week and certainly early in the next.

Reno has two faro, one keno, and four stud-horse poker games, besides the tan games down in Chinatown.

Last Monday the Reno stage changed time from running through to Quincy in one day, to running through in two.

The Catholic Church Fair will open at Armory Hall on Monday, November 22. Let everybody be ready for such a good time.

The C. P. Railroad has paid into the County Treasury \$20,500, the V. & T. \$4,952 52, and the N. & O. \$1,794 as taxes.

Capt. Griffin sold six tons of Peavine ore to the Reduction Works and received the twenty-dollar pieces for it yesterday.

The Mohawk and Sierra Valley railroad will be in operation by Christmas, and an excursion train will be run from Reno to Beckwith.

The San Francisco Post says Patti says she is to sing in "dear San Francisco." And San Francisco is to foot the bills of dear Patti.

RENO'S RAILROAD.—The Truckee Republican says: "The locomotive Mohawk, which has been turned into a narrow gauge engine in the V. & T. machine shops, was shipped with her tender, to Reno on Tuesday morning. The engine is to be used on the Sierra and Mohawk railroad, which connects with the N. & O. railroad some forty miles north of Reno. There is two and a half miles of track laid, and track laying will be pushed as fast as possible until the Mohawk valley is reached. While the primary use of the road is intended for the lumber and wood business, it will do a large local business. It will tap a good mining region, and will be the means of opening up quite an agricultural district. This enterprise, with that which is connected with it, will add greatly to Reno's prosperity."

A GREAT TROTTING PURSE.—The entries to the \$5,000 purse closed last week with the Secretary of the San Francisco Bay District Association, and the names thus far received lead to the expectation of this being the greatest trial of speed of the year. The nominations include Harry Wilkes, Guy Wilkes, Arab, Charlie Hilton and Antevolo, with the probability that Oliver K., who is now at Los Angeles in charge of Budd Doble, will be included in the number. The race will take place at the Bay District on Saturday, the 27th inst., with fair weather and a good track.

NOTICE, UNIFORM RANK, K. OF P.—There will be held a special meeting for work and drill of this Uniform Rank, K. of P., at Armory Hall, Reno, at 8 o'clock sharp, Wednesday evening, the 17th inst. A full and prompt attendance is ordered. All members intending to accompany the Division to Virginia must attend this meeting in full uniform.
R. H. LINDSAY,
Sir Knight Commander.

THE NO-FENCE QUESTION.

What a Stockman Says on the Subject.

EDITOR SILVER STATE:—The communication from the Railroad Land Agent, which appeared in the Reno Gazette, should have been headed "The Bull's Lament, or Shall Nevada Return to a Territorial Government." I am on my way East to attend the National Cattle Growers' Association meeting at Chicago, and I do assure you I feel no little concern as to our State Association ever being again represented. For are not the ways of a Nevada Legislature "dark and peculiar?" I have not time to enter into the discussion of the great benefits (?) our State would derive from a no-fence law, as suggested by Mr. Mills, but this I must acknowledge to Mr. Mills' credit that for a "bunch presentation" he has given a very ingenious one—very taking to the public mind and to those uninformed as to the geographical features of our State—but like most such presentations, their existence is but of short duration. I trust you will comprehend the situation at once, and see how suicidal it would be to the State's interests to enact any such throttling law as this. Yours truly,
T. D. PARKINSON.

LUMBER AND BOXES.

A Bright Trade and a Flattering Outlook for the Future.

The Truckee Republican says:

The past season has been an exceptionally good one for the leading industry of this vicinity. Early in the season the outlook for a large demand for lumber was not a flattering one, but the tide of business turned favorably and our men are all carrying smaller stocks at this season than for several years past, and the chances are that they will run out of "sorts" before the next season begins. The Salt Lake trade, which was lost two years ago, is beginning to come back. The Utah mills have been mostly all closed down this Summer owing to prosecutions against them by the United States for timber depredations. When the Utah lumbermen have to pay for their lumber, it is doubtful if they can compete with the lumber of the Sierra. We can therefore expect to retain a portion at least of the Salt Lake trade, which is a valuable one.

Never before have so many boxes been manufactured here as this season. The fruit crop in the State has been large, and all of our manufacturers have run on extra time and will continue to do so. The fruit box season is about over, and the factories are turning out soap and candle boxes and salmon cases. The Truckee Lumber Co. has an order for 50,000 of the latter to go to Alaska. The demand for orange cases has commenced. The orange crop of the State is estimated at 800,000 cases. The greater portion of these cases are manufactured in this vicinity. Richardson Bros. will do a large business in this line and the Ve-di Company has a large order to fill. All through the outlook for our leading industries is a highly flattering one.

BRING BACK THAT AXE.—A few days ago a man called at the Appeal office, and wanted a job sawing wood. He was told that a couple of cords had been ordered, and by the next day he could have a chance to saw it. He then said if he could borrow an axe for a few hours he could split some wood and earn some money. The axe was loaned him and he has not been seen since. If there is any one to whom this axe has been pawned for whisky, etc., he will please report at this office.—Carson Appeal.

This is entirely too thin. It was a little hatchet that was taken, and that occurred many years ago.

CONCENTRATIONS.—The Lyon Co. Times says: Mr. Hubert, one of the company of gentlemen who are experimenting with some new tailing concentrators in Pine Grove, passed through last Thursday night on his way to Reno with a carload of concentrators which he will have worked at the Reduction Works. These concentrators came from tailings that are worth about \$1 a ton, and are concentrated about ten to one. They contain gold and silver, and Mr. Hubert thinks there is money in the proposition. If there is it will be quite an industry in this part of the country as there are many hundred tons of the tailings.

As the Legislature now stands Mr. Bill Stewart has not a majority to Legislative joint convention. He realizes this fact and has been compelled to lay his case before the authorities at Fourth and Townsend streets. He returned this morning not feeling particularly jubilant.—Carson Union, 11th.

A FIRE.—Smith Hill's house, in Spanish Spring valley, was destroyed by fire Sunday. Loss \$1,000; insurance \$500.

THE NEW BONANZA.

Estimated Size of the Con. Cal. & Va. Ore Body.

The Virginia Chronicle says:

The improvement in the width and quality of the ore deposit on the 1435 and 1650 levels in the Con. Cal. & Va. mine, over the showing on the levels above, noted in Superintendent Patton's official report published in Saturday's Chronicle, is a satisfactory explanation of the sharp and continued rise to-day in the price of shares in that property. By glancing at the back files of the Chronicle it is ascertained that the ore development in the north end of the mine, so far as explored, is over 350 feet in length and 450 in depth. The width disclosed by the crosscuts sent in, if definitely ascertained by the management, has not been made public. Information gathered from fairly reliable sources credit it with a breadth of eight sets of timbers on the 1200. This represents a total width of over 50 feet on that level.

The official report of an increase in the quality of ore on the 1435, developed by the sending in of an east crosscut on that level, indicates that the vein widens rapidly in its downward course, while the advance of the upraise above the 1650 level denotes an improvement in the grade of the ore at that depth over the levels above.

Shrewd calculators roughly estimate that the deposit contains ore sufficient to produce \$20,000,000 in bullion. At the present rate of production it will require four years to exhaust the deposit if that estimate is anywhere near the mark. This will leave a margin of \$12,000,000 to be disbursed in dividends to shareholders above all expenses in case the ore extracted does not drop below the present value per ton.

On that basis the total dividends disbursed would foot up \$55 for each share of stock in the mine.

The present bullion output will almost admit of the disbursement of a monthly dividend of \$1 per share. This at the present selling price of the stock pays 5 per cent. per month to shareholders on the sum invested. If the price should advance to \$100 per share, holders of stock would then be receiving one per cent. per month on their investment by the disbursement of monthly dividends of \$1 per share—double the amount realized on coin invested in any other character of collateral securities.

By reference to the transactions in the San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, published in another column, it will be seen that the price of shares bounded upward \$4 between sessions. Notwithstanding the large sales of blocks of 1,000 shares and upward the quotations continued to advance rapidly without a sign of wavering, and prices remained firm at the close of the last session.

Ophir failed to show corresponding activity, although the indications are flattering that the ore in the Con. Cal. & Va. extends into the former mentioned mine.

Savage, to the surprise of every one familiar with the ground, bounced upward to \$7 1/2 per share. When it is stated that the north line of Ophir is nearly a mile south of the ore development and that operations in the Savage are confined to running lateral drifts for air connections with the main shaft, in a direct opposite course from the location of the newly-discovered bonanza, the eccentric action of the stock in advancing in price as rapidly is inexplicable on any other theory than that the speculating public below is losing its heads.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. Feb. 21-awf-1 y

We Print
Cards,
Blanks,
Posters,
Tickets,
Receipts,
Billheads,
Not-heads,
Pamphlets,
Statements,
Programmes,
Visiting Cards,
Funeral Notices,
Wedding Cards,
And Everything Else,
At the JOURNAL Office

NASBY'S BAZAAR.

NASBY'S BAZAAR!

21 Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada,

Has Just Received a Full and Complete Stock of

Christmas Goods,

Dolls, Banks,

Blocks, Albums,

Celluloid Toilet Sets,

Locomotives, Vases,

Toilet Sets,

Trunks, Games,

Russia Leather Goods,

Novelties, Papeteries,

Scrap Books,

Children's Toy Books,

School Books,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT

NASBY'S BAZAAR.

F. LEVY & BRO.

Our New Stock of

D R Y

GOODS

CARPETS & FANCY GOODS

CONSTITUTES

The Largest Assortment Ever Imported to This State and We are Now Prepared to Suit Everybody.

We Will Encourage Home Trade

—BY OFFERING OUR GOODS STRICTLY AT—

SAN FRANCISCO PRICES

OUR PROPOSITION IS FAIR. Bring your cash to us instead of sending it to other cities and we guarantee that you will save by it. All we ask of you is to call and be your own judge.

F. LEVY & BRO.

JOHN SUNDERLAND'S ADVERTISEMENT.

SUNDERLAND'S

Fall and Winter

Boots & Shoes Cheap for Cash

AGENT FOR

JOHN B. STETSON'S FINE HATS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT ALWAYS ON HAND.

JOHN SUNDERLAND,

No. 31 Virginia St.,

RENO, NEVADA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OF THE READING PUBLIC

EVERY

FARMER, MINER AND
MERCHANT

in the State of Nevada should have the

WEEKLY

THE JOURNAL

—PUBLISHED AT—

NEENAH, WASHINGTON COUNTY, NEVADA.

OUR LARGEST WEEKLY PAPER IN THE STATE

Contains FORTY Columns of Reading Matter
once a week for twelve months.

Subscription Invariably in Advance.

— THE —

Weekly Nevada State Journal

FOR THE PEOPLE!

Impartial in Tone, and Essentially a Family and
Business Paper.

THE Publisher trusts it will reflect in a modest way, and, as far as its patronage will warrant, some of the best features of modern journalism. It works for the true interests of the busy State and Town in which it is located—seeks the moral, intellectual and industrial welfare of its people, and hopes to honestly inform and pleasantly amuse its readers.

Advances all orders.

C. C. POWNING,
RENO, WASHCO CO., N. H.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Of Reno, Nevada.

Paid in Capital, - -	\$100,000
Surplus and Profits, -	\$35,000

D. A. BENDER.....	President
GEO. W. MAPES.....	Vice President
C. T. BENDER.....	Cashier
GEO. H. TAYLOR.....	Assistant Cashier

THIS BANK transacts a general banking exchange, collection and fire insurance agency business. Bills of exchange and bank money orders for sale on the principal cities in Europe.

PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS.—American Exchange National Bank, New York; Continental National Bank, Chicago; National Bank of D. O. Mills & Co., Sacramento; Agency Bank of California, Virginia City; Wells, Fargo & Co., Carson; Bank of California, San Francisco.

Telegraphic transfers made through the above correspondents.